

Towards systematic usability evaluations for the OR: an introduction to OR-Use framework

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OR in a Nutshell:

Collaborative Environment

Surgical Workflow

Distributed Platform

Bigdelou et al., 2011: OR Specific Domain Model for Usability Evaluations of Intra-Operative Systems.

Motivation

- Complicated technological equipment in the OR
 - Increased complexity
- Deficiencies in the design of medical technology
 - Risk of human error
- Preventable medical errors
 - 44,000 to 98,000 people die each year just in the U.S.
 - 60% of adverse events are caused by use errors
 - Wrong usage of technical equipment is the main reason for adverse events in medicine

AM

- Usability engineering is aiming at improving the human computer interaction
 - the complexity of the medical domain aggravates the work of usability specialists

[Wachter, 2004: The end of the beginning: Patient safety five years after 'to err is human'.] [Bleyer, 1992: Medizinisch-technische Zwischenfälle in Krankenhäusern und ihre Verhinderung]



Usability Testing in General

- Technique used to evaluate a product by testing it on users
 - Direct input on how real users use the system
- Usability can be measured with Nielsen components defined as
 - Learnability
 - Efficiency
 - Memorability
 - Errors
 - Satisfaction
- Main steps of usability engineering:
 - Planning
 - Conduction
 - Analysis and Report

- PLANNING ASSESSMENT PROCESS 9711400430 VINDO
- In complex domains it is very challenging and requires high level of domain knowledge and expertise.

[Jakob Nielsen, 1994: Usability Engineering]



Objectives

- Performing a complete usability test is not always an easy endeavor and requires high level of domain knowledge and expertise:
 - Acquisition of usability data
 - Management of usability data
 - Analysis of huge amount of collected information
- Several usability testing support tools have been proposed in different domains.

Our Goal

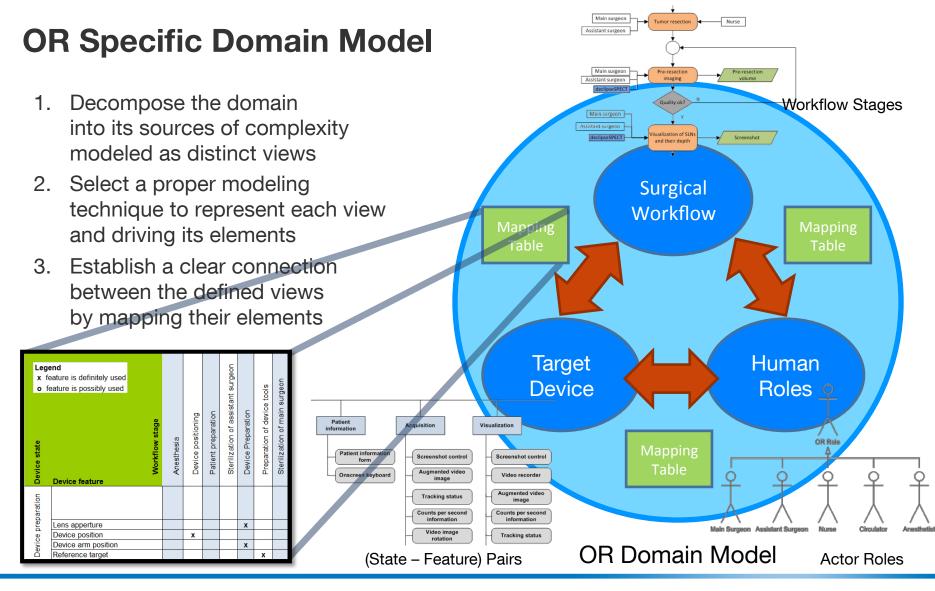
- To exploit the Domain Knowledge into the usability study for the OR.
- Define a new tool to support usability testing in the OR.
- Propose a novel and flexible analysis method.



http://www.infodesign.com.au/usabilityresources/usabilitytesting

[Chilana et al. 2010: Understanding usability practices in complex domains] [Ivory, 2001: The state of the art in automating usability evaluation of user interfaces]

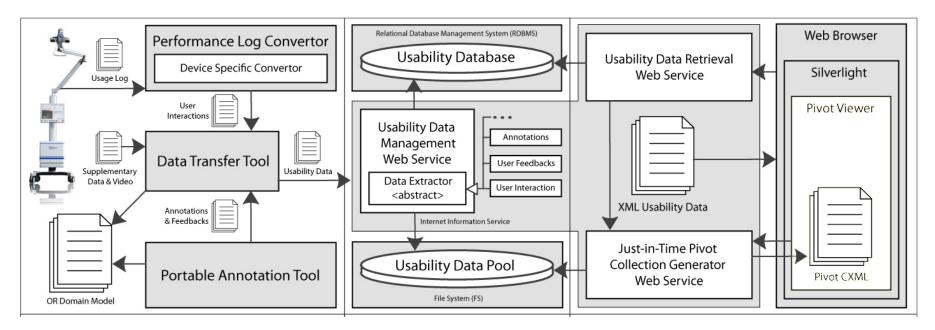




Bigdelou et al., IPCAI 2011: OR Specific Domain Model for Usability Evaluations of Intra-operative Systems



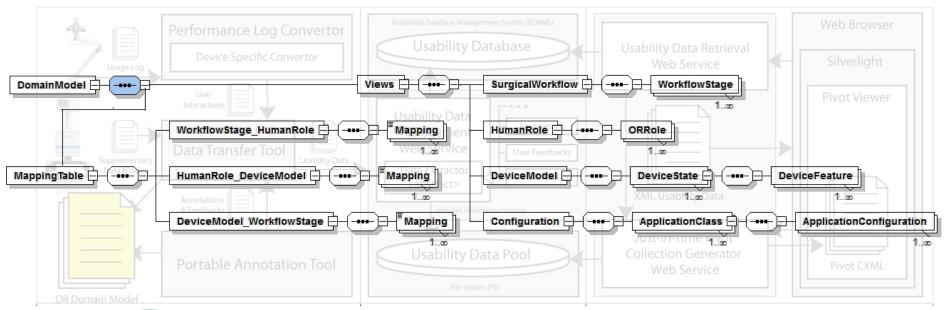
Architecture of OR-Use Framework

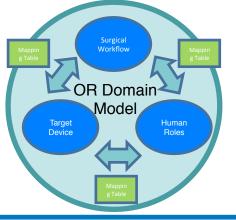


- In order to support the conduction of usability tests a specialized architecture is proposed and developed at CAMP.
- Here we briefly go through main components of the proposed framework.



Architecture - Planning

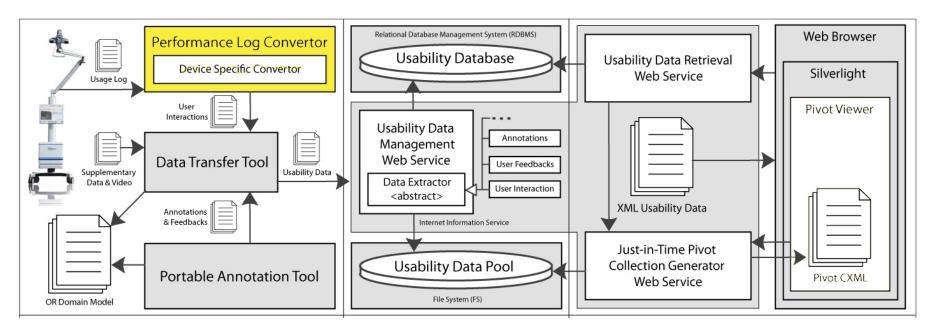




- During the planning stage a specific model of the target surgery can be defined.
- This model consists of instances of each view and their correlations stored in Mapping Tables.
- The model is stored in a XML format.
- Several part of the framework use this model to tailor their functionalities based on the target scenario.



Architecture - Conducting

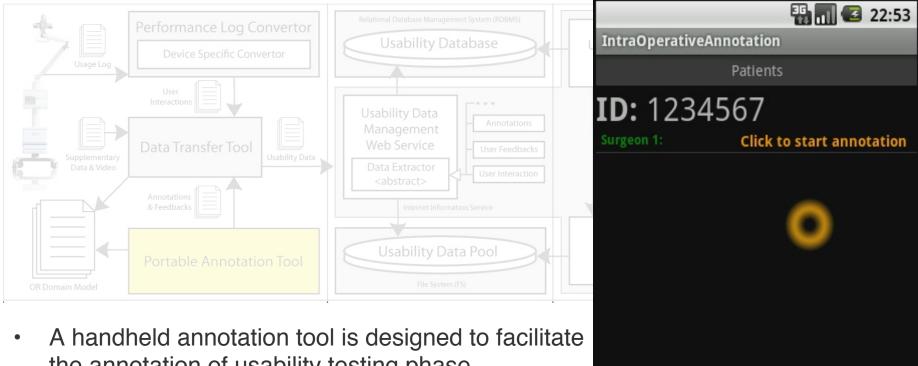


- The original performance log of the device is converted to the format known to the OR-Use framework.
- For each new device a convertor is needed for the conversion.
- This design decision makes the framework independent from particular platform that has been used for the intra-operative device.



Add patient

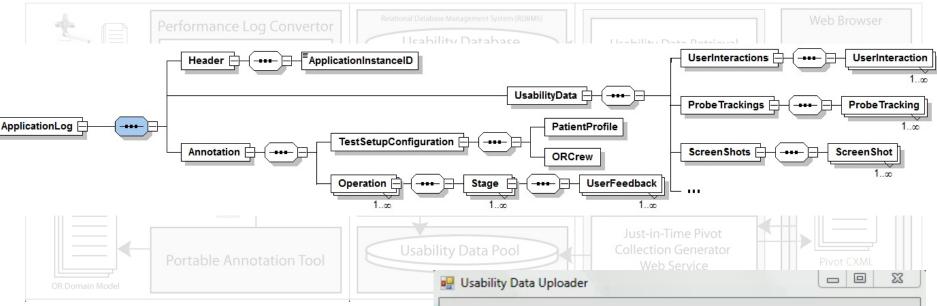
Architecture - Conducting



- the annotation of usability testing phase.This is developed for Android smart phones.
- The domain model XML is used to populate the UI.
- The proposed GUI is designed based on tasks of the usability engineer within the test.



Architecture - Conducting

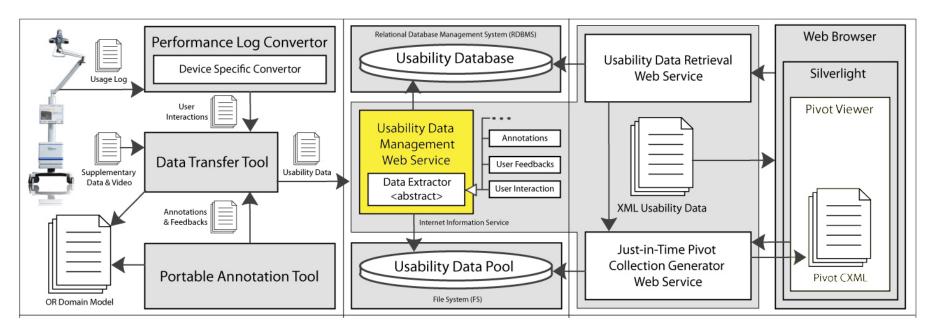


- The collected usability data are combined in a XML message.
- The generated XML is then encrypted and transmitted to the server.

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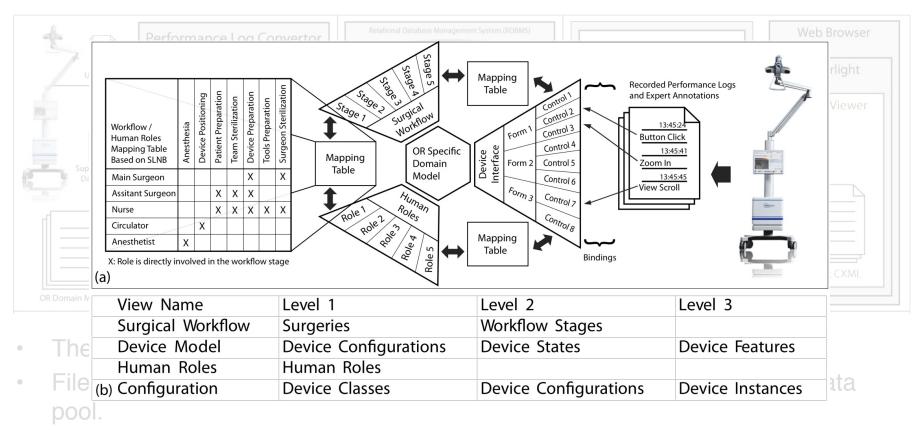
Architecture - Centralized Data Management



- A dedicated web service enables the simultaneous access to the server.
- After receiving the encrypted XML message, the usability data are decrypted and extracted using a proper extractor.
- This design enables definition of new data types specific for a given device.



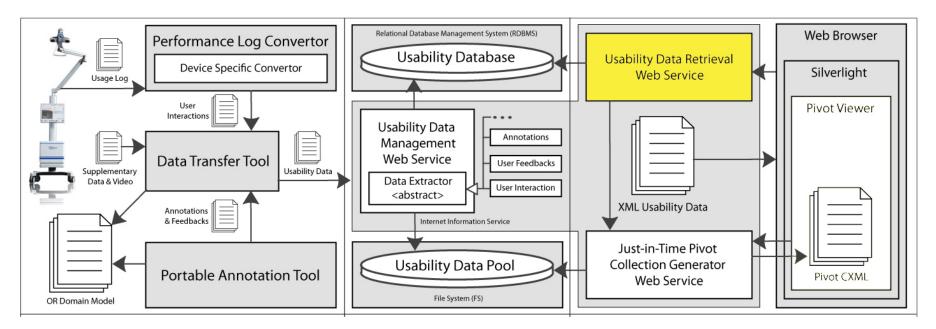
Architecture - Centralized Data Management



• A relational database has been used in order to map the usability data to the OR specific domain model.



Architecture - Analysis



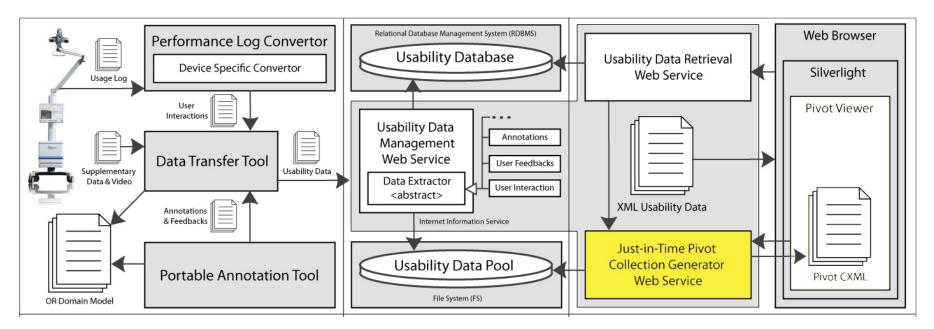
- A dedicated web service is used to retrieve the usability data, which enables multiple view of the data (as needed for cross configuration analysis).
- The data can be filtered specifying a proper query including search criteria.

HostAddress?

collection="UserInteraction"&Configuration="2.3"&WorkflowStage="Sca nning"&HumanRole="Surgeon"&DeviceFeature="Brightness"



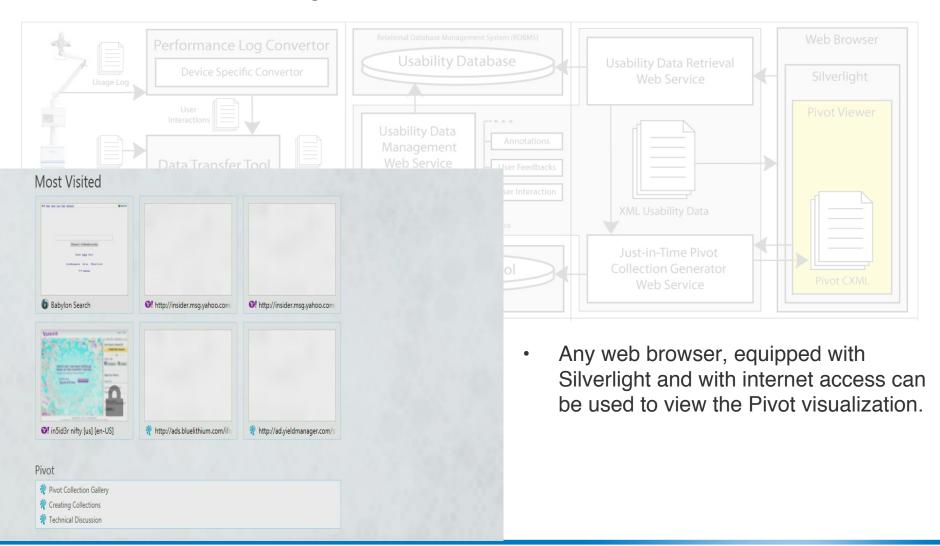
Architecture - Analysis



- A higher level view of data has achieved facilitating MS Pivot visualization toolkit.
- A dedicated web service generates Pivot collections (CXML files) based on the results retrieved from the data retrieval service.
- The same query format has been proposed and used for generating the results.



Architecture - Analysis



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



